

#### Paper 4: Wim Gombert, Merel Keijzer, & Marjolijn Verspoor

### J'AIMe le français L2 French written proficiency after six years.



Symposium AAAL 2018

Explicit versus implicit? Long-term interventions and free response oral and written data.



# Explicit versus implicit?

Norris & Ortega 2000 Spada & Tomita 2010

brief treatments constrained discrete focus tasks



#### DeKeyser (2003)

<del>brief treatments</del> <del>constrained discrete focus task</del>s

long-term interventions with free response tasks



# **Research** question

- > Is explicit instruction more effective than implicit instruction on free written response language after 6 years on the following measures?
  - General proficiency (human raters)
  - Direkt Profil (aggregated morpho-syntactic complexity scores)
  - Analytical scores
    - Complexity (Sentence length, Guiraud, Tense use)
    - Accuracy (S-V and D-N agreement)
    - Fluency: Text length
- > Hypothesis: explicit more effective in all measures



# Methodology



#### Participants

62 Dutch learners of L2 French, Two naturally occurring groups explicit N=29 implicit N = 33 pre-university education (similar aptitude) Age at beginning 12; at end of study 18 (six years of instruction) Same teacher in last 3 years



### Explicit

### Implicit

### Traditional course book

- grammar knowledge and lexical knowledge
- Focus on reading, writing and listening activities

#### Last two years: 7 video documentaries with writing assignments

### Communicative method

- authentic input in online learning systems (videos/ texts)
- Focus on speaking activities

Last two years: 7 video documentaries with writing assignments



### Free response tasks

Both groups studied, read about and wrote about 7 topics For writing exams, students had choice between two topics For this study, two last writing exams Four topics in total, equally distributed in two conditions

Data:

119 essays



# Holistic rating

Training

Researcher selects 10 essays of various levels 9 expert teachers and trainer Raters rank the 10 essays Raters score essays from 1-4 Rubric made with essays as benchmarks Rating Groups of 3 raters work individually on 24 essays Scores compared and discussed if necessary Final score is average of the three scores



### Direkt Profil (DP) profiling (Lund university, Sweden)

Model of six morphosyntactic stages of development

(Bartning & Schlyter, 2004)

Direkt Profil, a computer program for morphosyntactic analysis of written French

(Granfeldt, J. Nugues, P et al., 2005)

DP analysis done by three different Algorithms: C4.5, SVM and LMT (Grandfeldt et al., 2006)

High degree of correlation between Direkt Profil and experienced teachers ( $r^2=0.735$ )

```
(Granfeldt and Agren, 2014)
```

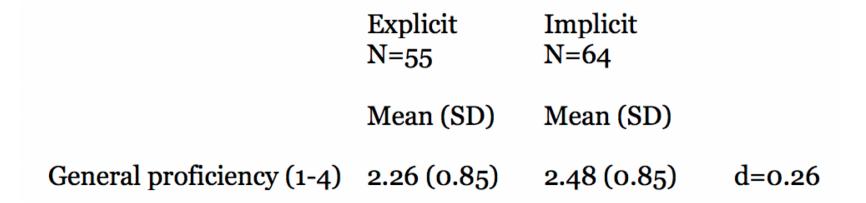


# Results



# Results on general proficiency (human raters)

Interrater agreement: .893 (sig.=.000)





# Results on Direkt Profil (software)

(average three aggregated morpho-syntactic complexity scores)

Agreement between three algorithms: .772 (sig.=.000)

	Explicit N=55	Implicit N=64	
	Mean (SD)	Mean (SD)	
Direkt Profil (1-6)	3.69 (1.09)	4.00 (1.10)	d=0.28



# Results on complexity

	Explicit N=55	Implicit N=64	
	Mean (SD)	Mean (SD)	
Sentence length Guiraud Tense use	13.9 (3.42) 8.53 (1.10) 2.40 (1.61)	16.9 (3.21) * 8.57 (0.94) 2.63 (1.26)	<b>d=0.90</b> d=0.04 d=0.16



## Results on accuracy

	Explicit (N=55)	Implicit (N=64)	
	Mean (SD)	Mean (SD)	
S-V agreement D-N agreement	7.44 (1.64) 8.92 (0.86)	7.73 (1.52) 8.76 (0.94)	d=0.18 d=0.18



## Results on fluency

	Explicit (N=55)	Implicit (N=64)	
	Mean (SD)	Mean (SD)	
Text length	249 (65.89)	312 (119.2) *	d=0.65



# Discussion



# **Research** question

- > Is explicit instruction more effective than implicit instruction on free written response language after 6 years on the following measures?
  - General proficiency (human raters) 🗙
  - Direkt Profil (aggregated morpho-syntactic complexity scores)
  - Analytical scores 🗙
    - Complexity: Sentence length, Guiraud, Tense use)
    - Accuracy: S-V and D-N agreement)
    - Fluency: Text length
- > Hypothesis: explicit more effective in all measures





# **Research** question

- > Is explicit instruction more effective than implicit instruction on free written response language after 6 years on the following measures?
  - General proficiency (human raters)
  - Direkt Profil (aggregated morpho-syntactic complexity scores)
  - Analytical scores 🗙
    - Complexity (Sentence length, Guiraud, Tense use)
    - Accuracy (S-V and D-N agreement)
    - Fluency: Text length
- > Hypothesis: explicit more effective in all measures





# Why

- > Enough exposure to meaningful language enables learners to deduct recurring patterns in the language.
- > An adequate amount of exposure is sufficient to recognize the recurring patterns.
  - After six years no difference in accuracy!
- > Relatively more exposure leads to greater fluency.



# Conclusion



# Limitations

- > Longitudinal classroom studies inherently messy!
- Same instructor, but different amounts of L2 exposure because of methods
- Findings may be due to other factors than implicit versus explicit
- > However, explicit is not needed to learn grammar!



# Explicit versus implicit?

 No conclusions until we have more longitudinal studies with free response data



# Thank you!

w.gombert@rug.nl

www.rug.nl/staff/w.gombert

www.projectfrans.nl

- Bartning, I. & Schlyter, S. (2004). "Itinéraires acquisitionnels et stades de développement en français L2" *Journal of French Language Studies* 14:281-299.
- Granfeldt, J. Nugues, P et al. (2005) "Direkt Profil : un système d'évaluation de textes d'élèves de français langue étrangère fondé sur les itinéraires d'acquisition". Traitement Automatique de Langues Naturelles (TALN) 6-10 juin Dourdan.
- Granfeldt, J., Nugues, P., Ågren, M., Thulin, J., Persson, E., & Schlyter, S. (2006). CEFLE and Direkt Profil: A new computer learner corpus in French L2 and a system for grammatical profiling. In *Proceedings of the 5th International Conference on Language Resources and Evaluation* (pp. 565-570).
- Granfeldt, J., & Ågren, M. (2014). SLA developmental stages and teachers' assessment of written French: Exploring Direkt Profil as a diagnostic assessment tool. *Language Testing*, *31*(3), 285-305.